

The Janesville Daily Gazette.

VOLUME 24

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The bill to appropriate fifty millions of dollars for pensions for the next fiscal year, has passed the House of Representatives.

General Grant's annual income is \$7,000. With only himself and wife to support, there does not seem to be any danger of his sinking into very deep poverty.

The present indications are that Secretary Sherman will get the Ohio Senatorship. Out of 600 interviews with that many prominent Republicans in that State, 450 have expressed a preference for Sherman. He is a candidate, and has strong feeling in the matter, which will very likely lead to his nomination. By the way, to show the confidence the rural Republicans of that State have in the ability of Ohio men to run the government, we give the opinion of a prominent Ohio editor: "My programme would be to put Sherman in the Senate, Taft on the Supreme Bench, Mathews in the treasury department, and to reserve Foster for Pendleton's seat, and if there is another place on the supreme bench for an Ohio man, West would fill it admirably."

The exhibition of public concern about General Grant's private affairs is assuming a ridiculous form, and must be as humiliating to the General as it is disgusting to all his earnest and sensible friends. The matter has finally crept in Congress, and is in the shape of a resolution introduced by a member of the House from Indiana, calling upon the secretary of the treasury to inform the House of Representatives how much money has been paid General Grant in salaries, from the time he entered West Point as a cadet in 1839, to the time he left the Presidential chair, in 1877. The resolution is divided in three parts. The first asks for the aggregate amount paid General Grant from the time he entered the United States Military Academy until he resigned his position in the army prior to the rebellion; the second part asks for the amount paid to him from the time he entered the military service in 1861, as Colonel of an Illinois Regiment, until he left the Army to assume the duties of President of the United States; and the third part asks for the amount paid to him while President. It is believed the resolution is intended to direct public attention to the aggregate sum paid General Grant during the year. He was in the public service, with a view of affecting adversely the bill now before the committee on military affairs, which is to place the General on the retired list with the rank and pay of General. The movement is one of the silliest that could possibly emanate from the brain of a congressman. It directs the attention of the people to a matter with which the public has no business. If General Grant's private affairs are going to be investigated in this way, the private business of every man in the Nation with equal propriety might receive the same investigation. The member who introduced the resolution is serving his first and last term, and out of the movement wants to have a little notoriety before he leaves Congress.

There is a growing confidence among the friends of Mr. Keyes in all parts of the State that he will be elected to the Senate. As between Mr. Sawyer and Mr. Keyes, there should be no hesitation on the part of the people which should be elected to the senatorship. The great qualification, ability, honesty, and general worthiness, Mr. Keyes has all these, while Mr. Sawyer has the money. If it were not for his wealth, he would never be thought of for United States Senator. However good his intentions may be, he is not in a condition to render the party or the State any valuable service in the Senate. He has not the energy, the industry, the ability, nor the influence which Mr. Keyes possesses. For these reasons it is infinitely better for the party and the State to elect Mr. Keyes. It serves to the party in worth anything, if an absolutely clean record is of any consequence, if a character that cannot be touched by any dart of malice, is of any avail, if a man's public career, one which is above reproach and bidding defiance to investigations however searching, then Mr. Keyes is entitled to the support of the Republican party in the contest for the senatorship. Those who oppose Mr. Keyes because he is called "Boss," don't know the man. Those who oppose him because they think he is simply a politician or a lobbyist, haven't the least conception of his character. Those who would take Mr. Sawyer in preference to Mr. Keyes for United States Senator are men either influenced by prejudice or they misjudge what manner of a man Mr. Keyes is. We do not condemn any man who thinks there are better men for the Senate than Mr. Keyes. They have a right to think as they please on that point. But as between the two prominent candidates for that important office, a due regard for the interest of the party and the State, would cause no man to hesitate to name Mr. Keyes as the fittest person for the office.

—Fifty-two years ago Michael Mooney disappeared from Baltimore, saying, he was going to seek his fortune. One day recently he reappeared and reported he had accumulated considerable wealth, and is the owner of six hundred acres of farm land in Canada. Patrick Mooney, who is in his 75th year, was astonished by a visit from his long-missing brother, who had been given up as dead. The old gentleman, after a separation of more than half a century, embraced each other, and the affecting scene that followed beggars description.

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THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT.

The Fifty Million Pension Bill Goes Through the House.

The Amount Required to Pay the Pension Arrearages under the New Law.

Some of the Frauds Practiced on the Pension Bureau.

The New York Money Sharks to be Investigated by Congress.

A New Proposition to Make Grant a General on the Retired List.

Ex-Senator Howe's Free Talk upon the Topics of the Day.

His Opinion Relating to the Claims of Wisconsin for a Cabinet Position.

The Baltimore Advertiser's Plan for Wiping Out Polygamy.

The Carhart Case Drawing to a Close at Freeport.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News.

FIFTY MILLIONS.

The Pension Bill Passed By the House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The pension appropriation bill, appropriating \$50,000,000 for payment of pensions for the next fiscal year, passed the House to-day. Only one vote was recorded in the negative, that of Thomas Turner, of Kentucky. Over \$100,000 is paid out annually in pensions in Turner's district.

The morning hour being dispensed with, the House went into committee of the whole (McMillan, of Tennessee, in the chair) on the pension appropriation bill.

Mr. Hubbard, who had charge of the bill, stated it appropriated \$50,000,000, or exactly the amount called for by the estimates. It contained a proviso that accrued pension due Indian pensioners should, in the discretion of the commissioner of pensions, be paid in installments.

After explaining the provisions of the bill he made a statement as to the enormous amount of appropriations needed to pay the arrearages of pensions. When the bill for the arrears of pensions had been before the House it had been stated it would only require a few millions. Up to November 1, 1880, the government had paid out for arrearages alone \$24,600,000. The average arrearages to each of the old pensioners had been found to be \$360.

At the date of the report of the commissioner of pensions there had been 231,597 claims pending, and the average arrear in each new claim was \$1,000. Supposing 30 per cent. of these claims would be disallowed, there would still be in round numbers 197,000 arrearages to be paid, which, at the rate of \$1,000 each would amount to \$197,000,000, and he wished to call attention to the further fact that the average age of the pensioners of the government was only 41 years. He criticised the present system of paying pensions. Under the present system, anybody could get a pension who was willing to take a false oath. The commissioner had told him that, out of \$60,000 paid out each year, \$4,000,000 was paid out fraudulently, and perhaps more.

THE MONEY "PINCHERS."

The New York Money Sharks to be Investigated.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—A joint resolution has been prepared and will, in a few days, be introduced in both houses for the appointment of a special committee to take testimony and investigate the methods used in New York to manipulate the money market by enforcing arbitrary and artificial rates of interest in excess of the legal rate.

It is stated that a prominent National bank in New York city has been an active participant in creating the stringency. In explanation of this, among other things, it is said that parties in control of the bank, anticipating a Republican defeat at the Presidential election, sold "short" some twenty millions of old bonds at 2 or 3 per cent below the present price.

SENATOR HOWE.

He Converses Freely upon Shop, Cabinet, and Industrial Economy.

MILWAUKEE, December 16.—Ex-Senator Howe has been lecturing at different points in the State during the past week on Edmund Burke, and has made Milwaukee his temporary headquarters.

To-day The Tribune correspondent interviewed him upon the subject of Wisconsin's claims to a place in General Garfield's cabinet. Mr. Howe declared his health good, although he is noticeably thinner and less vigorous than usual. He spoke highly of the character and intelligence of the audiences that come out to hear his lecture on Edmund Burke; and in response to a query after his political views and inclinations said he had none—that he had never felt so restful and comfortable, so fully at ease, as since he became complete master of his time and actions.

After answering many questions as to the projected railway connections which would make Green Bay his home, a great distributing point, and saying he believed

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el the present agitation of her merchants and capitalists would result in establishing more factories there.

"Yes," observed the ex-Senator with a smile, "the cabinet-making business is as good as I have ever seen it."

"What is your opinion of Wisconsin's claims upon General Garfield?"

"Why, sir, in my opinion, no State is more entitled to recognition at the hands of the incoming administration than Wisconsin. She not only has claims, but she can well demand the recognition of those claims. Wisconsin has done her full duty toward General Garfield and the Republican party; and, having never before asked for a cabinet representative, it would be no more than just that she now be rewarded by such representation. I notice that Henry C. Payne has been brought out for postmaster-general. That's right," Mr. Payne's a man of really remarkable executive ability. He is not only a man of good breeding, but has an almost perfect knowledge of the use of them. I knew A. L. Johnson's postmaster-general, was Andy Johnson's postmaster-general, was you know. He had much shrewd ways with him, and was a good manager; but he did not carry into or out of the office any such experience, systematic habits, practical ability, and organizing and executive capacity as Mr. Payne now possesses. My judgment is that he would not only be a good but a first-class cabinet officer."

The application of Day's Kidney Pad is so simple that no one can fail to understand it.

GENERALISSIMO.

A New Proposition for the Keeping of General Grant at Public Expense.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—A new proposition will be submitted to the House military committee in the way of an amendment to the bill which proposes to restore General Grant to his place as general of the army. The proposition is to make him general on the retired list, and his rank to date from his first commission a general of the army, the bill to contain a proviso that the government should have the right to call upon him for active service in the event of actual hostilities. This would solve the question of rank between General Grant and General Sherman, as it would make Grant the senior general of the army, his commission long undated that of Sherman with his present full rank in time of peace, although it would make him subordinate to Grant in case of war.

In search for suitable Holiday gifts, don't fail to call on Prentice & Evenson, the druggists, opposite the postoffice. They have a very fine lot of Toilet Sets, Glass Bottles, Odor Cases, Handkerchief Extracts and Colognes which they are selling very cheap. Their Rosalie Cologne cut glass bottles makes an elegant present at a very reasonable price.

THE CARHART CASE.

FREEPORT, Dec. 16.—There is a great deal of interest manifested in the case of Dr. J. W. Carhart, of Oshkosh, which is before a judicial conference of Methodist ministers from three different states. The deliberations of the body are secret, and no outsiders but the local ministers are in attendance. The evidence on both sides has been heard, and the arguments follow. Dr. Carhart opening for the defense, and Dr. Walker, presiding elder of the Appleton, Wis., conference, for the prosecution. The closing argument for the defense will be delivered by Dr. Hatfield, of Chicago. It is expected that the case will reach a terminus Saturday.

There was a sweet girl named Corinne. And day after day she got thinner. The reason was plain. She'd Rosalie again. But Electric Oil—cured the sweet girl na.

sold by A. J. Roberts, and Craft & Sherer.

HOW TO GET RID OF IT.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 16.—The Advertiser suggests in order to suppress polygamy to divide the territory of Utah between Nevada and Colorado. Let Utah disappear from the map. The right to pass such a measure can hardly be doubted, though the consent of the two States would be necessary.

The question would then be under the control of state law, which polygamy would find it hard to evade. The removal of a case from one part of the then enlarged Colorado, or Nevada, to another part, might by state law be made by the prosecution as well as by the accused, supposing that a fair trial could be had.

A match loses its head when it comes to the scratch, so do pimples when you take Spring Blossom.

For sale by A. J. Roberts, and Craft & Sherer.

OBITUARY.

WAUKESHA, Dec. 16.—Miss Nancy Pratt, sister of George and Miss Maria Pratt, died at her residence on Main street, on Wednesday evening, at half-past six o'clock. Deceased was born in Mansfield, Mass., Feb. 4th, 1794. Miss Pratt and her sister have lived together in the house in which she died, for the past 32 years, and for the past fifty-two years had been a faithful communicant of the Episcopal church. Her funeral will occur on Friday afternoon, from St. Matthias' Episcopal church.

A Grand Reputation.

Warren's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure has reached a reputation that is not limited by the confines of section or country. There are no injurious substances nor false and temporary stimulations in the preparation. It is purely vegetable and compounded under a formula that has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country.—*New York World*.

Robert Lubbock, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: "I have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil both for myself and family for diphtheria, with the very best results. I regard it as one of the best remedies for this disease, and would use no other."

Pope & Billau, Druggists, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: "We have never sold any medicine that gives such satisfaction to the customer and pleasure to the seller as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil."

Sold by A. J. Roberts and Craft & Sherer.

A Curiosity from Japan.

A curious crowd gathered about the United States Customs Appraiser on the Pacific Mail Dock yesterday afternoon to witness the opening and examination of a case brought on the City of Tokio and said to contain the preserved remains of a veritable "sea unicorn," the first of the species, it is said, ever caught. It was captured alive by means of a net near Cape Segami, but died soon after it was taken. The hide was stuffed and carefully preserved by a skillful taxidermist. The body is of the size of a small deer and covered with scales about an inch in diameter, with tufts of reddish-brown hair growing quite plentifully between the scales. Its legs are quite slender and have long hair about the hoofs, which resemble those of a deer or goat. The tail is straight and tufted, like that of a cow, while the snout is enlarged at the end like that of a swine, and the mouth shows formidable tusks protruding on either side. From the center of the face projects a single horn, not more than six inches in length and less than an inch in diameter, which curves upward slightly. This is the distinguishing feature of the unicorn. In addition there are two long fangs or canines, one on each side of the mouth, resembling somewhat those on a horned goat. The hair upon the neck is longer than elsewhere, of the same reddish color, and has the appearance of a short mane. The fishermen related that this animal was sometimes seen upon the shore, and that he made a musical noise which gave him the name of the singing unicorn." It is apparent that this is a very different species from the narwhal of the Asiatic seas, which is popularly called the sea unicorn, and which is a cetacean mammal of the genus Monodon. It is described in the books as a powerful animal, from ten to sixteen feet in length, with a blow-hole on the top of its head, and a single spiral horn or tusk of solid ivory five or six feet in length.

A naturalist describing this specimen calls it the "monoceros," which is said to be still extant in the recesses of the jungles in Central Africa and Asia; but this is the first one brought to light and comes from the Litschotien Islands between Loochoo and Kiushu, in the Japanese Archipelago. It was shipped at Hong Kong.—*San Francisco Chronicle*.

Better Hay and Pastures.

Any one passing through agricultural districts, say in June, when the herbage has nearly reached its full growth, must notice how much land is only half or quarter utilized by allowing the unchecked growth of all sorts of weeds. A large portion of this land is pastured, and the way the poor cattle have to seek out the little grass from among the overwhelming weed is a source of actual sadness. These pasture fields, too, are allowed to go on producing noxious weeds for a series of years without an effort being made to get rid of them by the surest mode known to the observing farmer—frequent cultivation. Then, again, we see the same proportion of weeds in many fields from which the cattle hay is to be cut, and this is done year after year, just as though cows and other cattle would eat the weeds any more readily dry than green.

It is apparent that the sun at noonday that to whatever extent weeds are allowed to grow, just to that extent is the land wasted—in fact, worse than wasted. Now that this can be avoided is clear; and that it can be profitably avoided in most cases scarcely admits of a doubt. And what is true of the pasture fields is the same where the herbage is left to become hay. The good clean field is the exception. Not only the oxeye daisy, but sorrel and plantain, and asters of various kinds, which cattle care no more for when dry than when green, constitute the bulk of what is to be hay; and it is tolerable dry stuff which has but one-fourth of extraneous matter.

We have before suggested that our agricultural societies, which give so many and high premiums for fast-rotating horses, might at least spare a little for the encouragement of the food which the noble animal is to eat. Premiums for well-grown hay, clean hay, hay from improved grasses and well-managed hay-fields, would surely be objects worthy of the attention of even a "State Agricultural Society," and we think that it will become so if the press will unite in commanding the subject to general attention.

Surely there is no greater eye-sore than a field looking as if it might produce thirty bushels of wheat, seventy-five of corn, or from two to three tons of first-class hay to the acre, so allowed to be covered with masses of noxious weeds, which can and should be destroyed. A merchant from the city who may pass through a rural section, and seeing these myriad of oxeye daisies, will almost invariably ask why they are there, and if they cannot be exterminated, and good hay and grain raised instead.—*Grand Rapids Telegraph*.

An eccentric gentleman recently made a wager of \$10,000 that he could remain on the top of the Arc de Triomphe in Paris for four hours with nothing but a suit of thin canvas. The cold weather came on, and the bet was won on a day when the thermometer was fifteen degrees above zero. It is quite unnecessary to add that the man was an Englishman.

R. C. YEOMANS

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Jameson, with Wm. C. Sherer.

DEALER IN
Wind-Mill, Garden and Set, Length, Force
Pump, Fire, Fittings, Drive Pipe, Deep
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Gas and Steam Fitting Goods!

Globe and other Valves, Engine Trimmings,
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Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fit-
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Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates
given and Contracts Taken on Work at a Dis-
tance and Work Personally Attended to.

ividually.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates
given and Contracts Taken on Work at a Dis-
tance and Work Personally Attended to.

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Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates
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THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17.

THAT HORRIBLE BURGLARY

An Old True Tale.

Oh, my, but the wind did blow! When I went around the house, that night, locking doors and windows before going to bed, there was just a breath of a breeze sighing about—nothing more; but by the time I had my head fairly plumped upon the pillow, the gale was going like mad. When I first came to this Western country I used to be surprised at the quick, unceremonious way storms had of coming upon people—half the time, it seemed to me, out of a clear, innocent-looking sky.

In my old home I prided myself upon reading the signs of the skies; but here, goodness me! when I thought it would blow it was sure to rain, and when I could have taken a solemn oath that the clouds were going to pour, why, whisk, they'd go, and the sun would shine out as though it was in high glee at having fooled me. So I gave up being a weather prophet, and took it just as it came.

That night everything out of doors seemed to be in motion. The loose shingles on the house clattered up and down, and half the time it seemed to me that the bed on which I lay would blow through the side of the house. I know I'm a foolish old woman, but at the thought I couldn't help setting my ruffled nightcap straight, and smoothing back my hair, because if I should go, why there was Deacon Albee's house right opposite, and—but, Lord bless me, what am I saying!

Well, naturally I was lonesome enough, without child or chick; but I did very well until I somehow got it into my head that burglars always chose such nights to do their mischief in. After that I started at every sound, and as there were thumps and clatters on all sides, and in every direction, it isn't to be supposed that I got much rest.

I didn't stop to reason that there was very little in my poor old house to tempt evil-doers. I knew I had forty dollars and eighty cents laid away in my poor departed Jason's old wooden chest, and I felt that to lose that would be a terrible thing to me.

The house was a cottage, with a hall running the length of its two rooms—an "L" being built beyond. My room was at the back, opening into a hall and the front room adjoining. So my eyes went first from one door to the other, lingling, I must say, with more dread upon the one leading into the hall.

"If I should be robbed of that forty dollars and eighty cents," I said to myself. Just then a blind went whack! and springing up in bed, I began to say the prayer my mother taught me, "Now I lay me down to sleep," though I'm sure it looked a great deal more like sitting up asleep than lying down.

"What an old fool you are, Polly Quimby," I began to say, aloud, trying to get my courage up to the sound of my own voice.

At that moment I was sure I heard a step in the little hall, and before I had time to move from my place the door latch lit and the door swung back, and there he stood, the very object I had been dreading—Mr. Burglar himself.

"Good evening, ma'am," he said, in such a polite way that I found myself in the motion of bowing back and saying good evening, too.

He was a middle-aged man, with mustache and whiskers, and he had the brightest eyes I ever saw in a person's head. The hair on his temples was quite gray. All in all, he looked like a respectable Christian gentleman, and not a midnight thief.

"Quite a windy evening, ma'am," he went on, as he stepped into the room. "You must be lonely by yourself."

Somehow this touched my temper. I forgot who was speaking, and answered back as tart as could be:

"I prefer to choose my company, sir."

He laughed and shrugged up his shoulders.

"You do, indeed! So do I. In this case I have my preference—not you." Then he sat down leisurely in my rocking chair, and stretched out his feet as though he intended to stop a while.

He leaned back his head upon my bright worsted tidy, and laughed fit to kill himself.

"No harm is intended to you, my charming woman," he said. "I swear it—no harm is intended to you!"

And saying this, he laughed longer and louder than ever.

"Do you come into my house to make game of me before my very eyes?" I asked, my temper pretty much stirred up. "If you were a gentleman, sir—"

"This was too much for him."

"A gentleman! Oh, aw—that's too good! If I professed to be a gentleman you'd stand a good chance of getting your throat cut without so much as by your leave, ma'am, to begin with! A gentleman! With all my faults, thank Heaven that is not among them."

"You need not have gone on that way to prove it," I said, tartly.

"Well, you're a sharp old damsel, aren't you?" turning his big eyes upon me, and twisting his mouth in a comical way which I shall never forget.

"I swear you'd be pretty good looking if you didn't wear such a wide ruffle on your night-cap. Jolly, isn't it a lunker big enough for a grave-yard fence!"

"Sir!" I said, looking savage.

"Madam!" he answered, imitating my voice and tone to perfection.

"Oh, if I were only out of this bed, sir!" I began.

"And pray, madam, what is there to hinder you from getting out, I'd like to know?"

"Do you intend to insult me, you good-for-nothing creature? Oh, if the wind would only blow you away!"

"If one goes the other is sure to go, too," he said, stolidly.

"If brother Joe would only waken."

I cocked his eye knowingly.

"You want to make me believe that he is in this house somewhere, eh? My dear madam, you are as transparent as air. He had been under this roof too long, he said."

"Oh, oh, you varmint!" I groaned in pure agony of spirit. "What do you want?"

"Well, madam, since that is a fair, honest question, I will attempt to answer it. To begin with, my financial affairs are in a complicated condition. Money I have but little of—credit, none; so I am forced to levy a trifling tax upon my friends in this and other neighborhoods, to extricate me from my disastrous condition. As soon as I collect a certain amount I intend leaving this country for France or Italy, never, perhaps, to return. Do not shed tears at this, dear madam, for

wherever my footsteps tend, your image—rufted nightcap and all—will remain forever imprinted upon my heart."

"You old goose!" I said. "Please do not interrupt me, madam, I have but a few moments longer to stay, and I must do business at once. I have learned that you have deposited in a trunk in an adjoining closet forty dollars and eight cents. The forty dollars I would like to borrow of you for an indefinite length of time. The eighty cents I do not care anything about. You can retain that as a trifling evidence of my generosity in this great emergency of my life."

"You are a robber, a thief, then?" I said, spitefully.

"Either at your service, madam," rising and making a bow for all the world like a French dancing-master.

"Now, the money, if you please."

"He wasn't polite looking now. There was a determined look in his eyes and about his mouth.

"He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord," he said, speaking just like a preacher.

"And he that steals from the poor—what of him?"

"My 'Bible' does not dispose of his case, especially, madam."

"And you came here to rob me—me, a poor woman?"

"I come to borrow of you for an indefinite length of time."

I saw it was useless to waste words with him, besides I didn't altogether like the look in his eyes; I closed my lips tightly together, resolving that I would not speak again.

"If you have no objection, ma'am, I'll look around a bit," he said, taking up the lamp as he spoke. "If I hear any noise from you, my dear, or if I see that in any way you are becoming nervous, I shall be obliged to quiet you by the use of one—"

I held up a small vial.

"Chloroform!" I gasped.

"At your service, madam."

"It would be the death of me," I moaned.

"I should be sorry to bring such a loss to the world; but, believe me, all that rests in your own hands. This door leads into the closet where the trunk is, I believe," he said, making straight for the closet where my forty dollars were put for safe keeping.

I didn't say a word. To tell the truth, the chloroform had nearly scared me out of my wits. He turned the key in the door (I had always kept it locked) and glanced into the closet. It was large, and the trunk was at the farther end of it. Let me say here that this closet, or store-room, was in the "L" part of the house, full a foot lower than my room. Mr. Burglar was not acquainted with this fact. Glancing toward me with his sharp eyes, to see if I was quiet, he took a step forward and went sprawling upon all-fours.

I do not know to this day how he managed to save the lamp as he did, but it was not broken in the fall, and burned as brightly as ever. My wits came to me here. I sprang as lightly as I could out of bed, and before he could get upon his feet I had the door of the closet shut and locked upon him. He grew lamb-like in a moment.

"You've done it now, haven't you, you charming creature? I swear I'm in love with you from this hour to the end of my life. You've come a splendid dodge. You've got me tight and fast. What's the use of money now? I'll take the eighty cents and you may have the forty dollars, if you will let me out."

"No, sir; I'm going to call the neighbors," I said, reluctantly.

"Going with that night-cap on? You'll make your fortune. But don't hurry, that's a dear. Let's have a little friendly talk. Say, I'll give you a hundred dollars if you'll let me out."

"Yes, and leave you free to scare some other woman nearly to death—sir."

"Well, then, I'll give you two hundred."

"No, sir."

"Name the price, then, dear girl. I suppose every woman has her price—they say every man has."

"No, it wouldn't be right," I said, hesitatingly.

I heard him chuckle: "First step towards it; she begins to talk of what is right."

I thought of my poor girl out to work by the week, and so anxious to get an education, and I'm sure it isn't to be wondered at if I began to set a price. But I said not a word.

"No, sir; I'm going to call the neighbors," I said, reluctantly.

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"Loo, here! I'll put five hundred dollars in good, sound gold under the door, and you can count it as I push it through piece by piece, if you'll only let me out of this cursed hole. I'm smothering."

"Try some chloroform," I whispered through the key-hole.

"Curse the chloroform! Will you let me out?"

I had a light by this time, and had slipped into a calico wrapper, and my slippers.

"If I got the money, how could I let him out of the closet?" I wondered. I shouldn't dare to meet him; he'd rob me again, and perhaps murder me. But I said: "I'll take his gold," resolving that I would try to get out of it some way, just for the sake of poor Rebecca, who so much wanted to go to school.

"Your heart is in the right place," he said, and the next moment a big round gold piece came through the wide crack under the door.

I couldn't withhold an exclamation of delight.

"It's right enough now, isn't it?" he sneered. "There's nothing like gilding over our sins a little. Bah! all the world's alike! Here goes another, and another. Count fast, my pious damsel. I dare say there's no confession in your church!"

"Is there in your 's'?"

"Well, if there was, gold gets into that sometimes, they say. Hold fast there; you've got the last clinker; now set me free!"

"Wait a minute."

"But I won't wait; I swear I won't."

"Can you help yourself?" I said, coolly.

"Well, no, not much; but I'm smothering in here. Can't you take pity on a poor fellow?"

"Sit down flat on the floor," I said. I heard him plump down as obedient as a school-boy.

"What next?"

I turned to the kitchen door to see if the lock was all right. Then I turned the key with a sharp click, which sounded to me like the report of a pistol.

"There!" I cried, and sprang into the kitchen, locking the door behind me.

He came out of his prison swearing like a trooper.

"Sharp old Satan, she's looked herself up somewhere!" trying the kitchen door as he spoke. "Good night, Madam De'la—good night! You've got the best of this. You have robbed me. Good night—get down and say your prayers!"

And I did. What is more, I cried like a baby over my money, thinking what it would bring us.

I never saw the strange burglar again, and in a few weeks Rebecca was com-

fortably established in school. No one ever knew where the money came from. An uncle died about that time, and some of my neighbors shrewdly suspected that he had left us something, but I had nothing to say on the subject.

About six months after my adventure, Mr. Joe came to me one day and said that he had been stopped in the street by a strange man that morning, and that he had begged him to say to Madam Quimby that the *frill* of her nightcap was a little too wide! So saying he passed on. "What did it mean?" Joe asked.

"Nothing, only that he was crazy."

I answered, quickly; but my face was as red as a blaze.

Robert Lubbock, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: "I have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil both for myself and family for diphtheria with the very best results. I regard it as one of the best remedies for this disease, and would recommend it."

Pope & Billings, druggists, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, writes: "We have never sold any medicine that gives such satisfaction to the customer and pleasure to the seller as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil."

Sold by A. J. Roberts and Croft & Sherer.

Management of Manure.

The test of good farming is in having a clean barnyard at least once a year. The better practice is to clean every particle of manure in the spring and again in the fall, and apply it to the crops. Manure is equivalent to money, and on land where a crop is growing it is paying good returns for its investment.

It is true, manure as made in the barnyard is not in the best condition for immediate use; but except to prevent the spread of weed-seeds, it is better to let it stand in the barnyard.

If noxious weeds are abundant in the manure, a thorough fermentation is needed to destroy them.

Ordinarily, however, keeping the manure in piles a few days will start weeds, so that simply moving the manure will destroy them. This will also make the manure much more soluble and effective, and fully repay the additional expense.

Piling up manure in the barnyard before hauling out pays in the economy it makes in loading it on wagons. If put in heaps, twice as many loads can be got out per day than if it is scattered around the yard; and this, in a time when men and teams are hurried to do the spring plowing, is an item of moment.

Besides this, farmers will clean the barnyards much more perfectly where the manure has been first piled up. They cannot afford to keep a team waiting while the load for the wagon is being scraped up with the hoe. Hence the scrapings, which are always the richest part of the manure heap, are left and invariably wasted.

Something depends upon the character of manure in deciding how and where to use it.

The very coarsest should be used first as a mulch, spread over the surface of the ground to be plowed for corn and turned under in April or May.

The spring rains and melting snows will carry down among the grass roots the soluble elements of fertility, and before the plow can be got in the field the upspringing grass will show the good effect of the top-dressing.

Then turning the whole under, not deeply, the manure and the grass roots will ferment together, and each will help the other. I always try to have a grass or clover-sod as a preparation for planted crops. Such land will yield a crop even without manure; but as a rule it pays better to manure pretty good land for an extra crop than to haul manure on to very poor land to bring it up to the average. The large crop is reasonably sure to show a profit.

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JANESVILLE
BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

GEO. T. PRICHARD & CO.

NO. 27, MYERS HOUSE BLOCK, JANESVILLE
Gas, Steam and Water Pipe Fitting, Dealers
in Pumps and Cylinders, Gas Fixtures, Pipe,
Rubber Hose, and all kinds of Fittings for Gas
Steam and Water Works. All work in the
United States done on reasonable terms. Aug 22dawly

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

Q. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D.

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
Office and Residence No. 3 Franklin Street, (Oppo-
site Corn Exchange.)

HOURS 7 to 9 A. M. 12 to 2:30 and 5 to 7 P. M.

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.

C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor.

EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE
Myers' New Barn.
Hearse and Carriages for Funerals &
Specialty.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

H. M. & KENT.

House, Sign & Ornamental Painters.
Frescoing, Graining, and Paper Hanging, spec-
cialities. Refers by permission to Messrs. Wm.
Cannan, David Jeffries, E. F. Green, Frank
Cook, Dr. C. C. Smith, Frank E. V. Whit-
ton & Co. Shop over Chas. Dutton's grocery, West
Milwaukee Street. Leave orders with E. V.
Whitton & Co.

H. H. BLANCHARD'S
Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan
Office.

Regular Office Hours 9 A. M. to 12 N. 1:30 P. M. to
4:30 P. M. Wanted for collection all notes, bills, accounts
and judgments considered good, but indi-
viduals to be paid off in full, and money to be
paid due at his office, on Main Street, over M. C.
Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis.
All business intrusted to his care will
immediately attend to and satisfaction guar-
anteed.

INSURANCE.

JOHN G. SAXE
Represents Sixteen of the Most Substantial Fire
Insurance Companies in the United States.

Also Agent for the Allis Life and the Mutual
Protection Association of Wisconsin, the most
reliable and best fire and life insurance com-
panies in the country, and elsewhere to exchange
for city property and money to loan.

HARNESS, BLANKETS, Etc.

W. L. SADLER,
EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE,
(Opera House Block.)

A Large Stock of First Class Harness and Trunks
on Hand at Bottom Prices.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. WM. SANDLER,
EAST MILWAUKEE ST. — JANESVILLE,
(Opera House Block.)

Manufacturer and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Nets
and all kinds of Human Hair Goods.

FURNITURE.

M. HANSON & CO.
N THE RACE, — JANESVILLE
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Furniture, and Bedroom Sets.

Down to hand pan prices. Upholstering done
at lowest living rates. For genuine bargains,
good goods, and fair dealing, call at their ware-
houses.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED
BITTERS

There is no civilized nation in the Western
Hemisphere in which the utility of Hostetter's
Stomach Bitters as a tonic, corrective, and anti-
bitter medicine, is not known and appreciated.

With it the medicine is suited to the
climate, and especially suited to the
complaints generated by the weather, being the
best and most valuable in the world.

For sale in Janesville, Dutton's Drug
Store, and every drug store in the town, apply
for Hostetter's Almanac for 1881.

DAY'S
Kidney
PAD

IS STRONGLY ENDORSED.

Rev. E. F. L. GAUS, Galena, Ill.,
writes for one thousand of the
Kidney Pads, in the small of the back, and
region of the kidneys, which was most excretional
and at times almost insufferable. Destroying
brought relief, and I am enabled to
show the effect the climate of my youth, in
Germany and Switzerland, eminent physicians,
after close examinations, declared my suffering
to be from disease of the kidneys, and that
the pads do no good. I was, however,
beneath the climate and consequently
recovered. No sooner had I been home and resumed
my practice, than I was again and
repeated as to make him a burden. A few
months ago I came in possession of one of Day's
Kidney Pads, put it on, and the effects were truly
wonderful. I have since used it, and
now, after wearing the second pad entirely gone,
and there is no doubt that I am entirely
cured, as I write this some weeks after its use,
and a strong and healthy man again. It
is used perfectly voluntarily, and it
is dictated only by truth and gratitude. Indeed, I
consider the Day Kidney Pad Co. God's agents and
the best service to man. Day's Kidney Pad
has been my best friend, and has
done me more good than any other.

CASPER WEITZEL, Policeman, Lan-
caster, Pa.—I have been a great sufferer from
Kidney complaint, and after using your Pad 25
days I feel better than I have in 12 years.

DR. A. STOWE, M. D., Pitts-
burgh, Pa.—I have a great
good here. It sells
every day and gives universal satisfaction.

For sale by druggists, or sent by mail (free of
postage) on receipt of the price, \$1.00, children's,
\$1.25. Our book, "How a Life was Saved," giving
the history of this new discovery and a large record
of most remarkable cures, is free to all who
will apply for it.

DR. A. STOWE, M. D., Pitts-
burgh, Pa.—I have a great
good here. It sells
every day and gives universal satisfaction.

CAUTION.—Kidney pads now seeking a
home to reputation, and I am the only
agent for Day's Kidney Pad, and take no other.

HEIMSTREET is the only agent in Rock county
for Day's Kidney Pads.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great En-
european Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simp-
son's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhoea, Sem-
inal and Vaginal Discharge, Diseases re-
sulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety,
Loss of Memory, Pains in Back and Side, and dis-
ease that leads to Insanity and a early
grave.

DR. J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO.,
No. 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.
Sold in Janesville by Croft & Sherer, and all
druggists everywhere.

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY DECEMBER 17.

POST-OFFICE—SUMMER TIME TABLE.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

WHEAT.	
Belgium	Brussels, Value
France	43,147,553 40,661,213
Germany	42,242,426 41,082
Scotland	31,245,120 31,714,477
Ireland	23,365,403 26,106,027
Quebec, Ontario and Man.	1,187,371 4,709,000
Netherlands	2,006,231 2,110,000
Portugal	3,174,911 3,425,000
Spain	1,599,497 2,011,000
Venezuela	16 22

OVER-LAND MAIL ARRIVE.

Center and Lodi, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by 12:00 P. M.

Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by 12:00 P. M.

Eau Claire, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays by 12:00 P. M.

Wausau stage, 11:00 A. M.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

FLOUR.	
Belgium	Brussels, Value
France	41,437 32,000,000
England	27,175 121,700
Germany	11,221 64,624
Scotland	1,884,000 9,000,000
Ireland	721,451 4,005,720
Quebec, Ontario and Man.	13,162 36,374
Netherlands	19,167 124,787
Portugal	8,764 40,885
Spain	15,750 49,385
Venezuela	95,084 100,000

OVER-LAND MAIL CLOSE.

Center and Lodi, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by 12:00 P. M.

Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays by 12:00 P. M.

Eau Claire, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays by 12:00 P. M.

Wausau stage, 11:00 A. M.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

POST-OFFICE HOURS.	
From 8:00 A. M. to 8:00 P. M.	On Sundays

Mr. H. H. Blanchard, Real Estate and Loan
Office, 11:00 A. M. to 12 N. 1:30 P. M. to 4:30 P. M.

Wanted for collection all notes, bills, accounts
and judgments considered good, but indi-
viduals to be paid off in full, and money to be
paid due at his office, on Main Street, over M. C.
Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wis.
All business intrusted to his care will
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From 8:00 A

THE GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 17.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Published Every Evening Except

Sunday, at 57.00 Per Year by

THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE ON NORTH MAIN STREET.

JANESVILLE, - - WISCONSIN.

THE CITY

NOTICES FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE, FIRST INSERTION AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION IN DAILY. DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS FIRST, AND TWELVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

SOME choice Christmas Goods suitable for Presents, at Dennis'.

PRANGE'S Christmas and New Year Cards. Also a general assortment of Prange's Chromos and Panels, just received and for sale at Sutherland's Book-store.

NEUCHATEL Cheese, Paul Do Vore's "Color Salt, San Mateo Oranges, Boneless Herring, Barrow Blane Mange, at Dennis'.

GIRL WANTED—To do housework in a family of three. Very highest wages paid for first class help. Call at GAZETTE counting room.

For nice presents for Christmas go to Britton & Kimball's.

CHRISTMAS Candies, Nuts, Oysters, &c., &c., cheapest in the city, at Vankirk's.

The finest chamber and parlor suits and lowest prices at Britton & Kimball's.

The best in the world—the Electro-phone 5 cent Cigar, at Vankirk's.

The finest lot of easy chairs ever shown in this city, at Britton & Kimball's.

Leave orders for ice at Reed's grocery or Myers' meat market, next to No. 2 Engine house.

You cannot spend a few dollars for Christmas presents to better advantage than at Britton & Kimball's.

FOR SALE—A new Mosler, Bahmann & Co. safe, weighing eleven hundred pounds, can be seen at GAZETTE counting room.

If you want a nice Christmas present, call at R. W. King's and buy Webster's New Edition Unabridged Dictionary with three thousand engravings.

FOR SALE—One set of Howe's celebrated sliding poise, platform scales, just received from the manufacturers, can be seen at the GAZETTE counting room.

HOLIDAY trade—Walnut smoking or reading chair plush band, tips and tassels, engraved and gilded, very cheap at M. Hanson & Co.

FOR SALE—One of the celebrated Improved Howe sewing machines, new and in perfect running order, price low, at the GAZETTE counting room.

M. HANSON & CO., offer something new in the Chamber Set line, which is neat and stylish, called a Lady's Triple Deck, Persian Toilet Dresser, with French Plate, 40x30. Call and see it.

Ice—J. H. Gateley, a former citizen of Janesville, has returned, and put up a large ice house on the West side—some things wanted by the people for a long time, as it has been a one-sided business for years. Just a little opposition will make things more agreeable to ice consumers. Placing that article in the reach of every family desiring its use, it is a great luxury, and no family should be without it. Do not be in a hurry to contract for it for the coming season until you hear from or see me.

Yours truly,
J. H. GATELEY.

Janesville, Wis.

LOCAL MATTER.

Ladies' and Gent's Stationery.

For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pen, Ink, &c., at reasonable price, call at Sutherland's Bookstore.

Over 155.00 Howe Scales sold. Borden, Selk & Co., Agents, Chicago, Ill.

REED & CO., Agents, Chicago, Ill.